THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY
NET METERING PROVISION

I. Definitions

“Commission” shall mean the Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission.

“Community Remote Net Metering System” shall mean an Eligible Net Metering System that allocates Net Metering Credits to an Eligible Credit Recipient pursuant to this Tariff. The Community Remote Net Metering System may be owned by either the same entity that is the customer of record on the Net Metered Account or a Third Party.

“Company” shall mean The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid.

“Eligible Credit Recipient” means one of the following whose electric service account or accounts may receive Net Metering Credits from a Community Remote Net Metering System:

(a) Residential Credit Recipient means a residential account in good standing.

(b) Low or Moderate-Income Housing Eligible Credit Recipient means an electric service account or accounts in good standing associated with any housing development or developments owned and operated by a public agency, nonprofit organization, limited equity housing cooperative, or private developer, that receives assistance under any federal, state, or municipal government program to assist the construction or rehabilitation of housing affordable to low or moderate-income households, as defined in the applicable federal or state statute, or local ordinance, encumbered by a deed restriction or other covenant recorded in the land records of the municipality in which the housing is located, that:

(1) Restricts occupancy of no less than fifty percent (50%) of the housing to households with a gross annual income that does not exceed eighty percent (80%) of the area median income, as defined annually by the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development (“HUD”);

(2) Restricts the monthly rent, including a utility allowance, that may be charged to residents, to an amount that does not exceed thirty percent (30%) of the gross monthly income of a household earning eighty percent (80%) of the area median income, as defined annually by HUD; or

(3) Has an original term of not less than thirty (30) years from initial occupancy.

Electric service account or accounts in good standing associated with housing developments that are under common ownership or control may be considered a single low or moderate-income housing Eligible Credit Recipient. The value of the credits shall be used to provide benefits to tenants.

The Net Metering Customer must submit documentation in the form of a letter from Rhode Island Housing certifying that each Low or Moderate-Income Housing Eligible Credit Recipient meets the eligibility criteria specified in this section.
“Educational Institutions” shall mean public and private schools at the primary, secondary and post-secondary levels.

“Eligible Net Metering Resource” shall mean eligible renewable energy resource, as defined in R.I. Gen. Laws § 39-26-5, including biogas created as a result of anaerobic digestion, but, specifically excluding all other listed eligible biomass fuels.

“Eligible Net Metering System” shall mean a facility generating electricity using an Eligible Net Metering Resource that is reasonably designed and sized to annually produce electricity in an amount that is equal to or less than the Net Metering Customer’s usage at the Eligible Net Metering System Site measured by the three-year average annual consumption of energy over the previous three years at the NetMetered Account(s) located at the Eligible Net Metering System Site. A projected annual consumption of energy may be used until the actual three-year average annual consumption of energy over the previous three years at the Net Metered Account(s) located at the Eligible Net Metering System Site becomes available for use in determining eligibility of the generating system. The Eligible Net Metering System may be owned by the same entity that is the customer of record on the Net Metered Accounts or may be owned by a Third Party that is not the Net Metering Customer or the customer of record on the Net Metered Accounts and which may offer a Third-Party Net Metering Financing Arrangement or Net Metering Financing Arrangement, as applicable. Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Tariff, any Eligible Net Metering Resource: (i) owned by a Public Entity, Educational Institution, Hospital, Nonprofit, or Multi-municipal Collaborative,(ii) owned and operated by a renewable generation developer on behalf of a Public Entity, Educational Institution, Hospital, Nonprofit, or Multi-municipal Collaborative through a Net Metering Financing Arrangement or (iii) that is a Community Remote Net Metering System, shall be treated as an Eligible Net Metering System, and all delivery service accounts designated by the Public Entity, Educational Institution, Hospital, Nonprofit, Multi-Municipal Collaborative, or Net Metering Customer for a Community Remote Net Metering System for net metering shall be treated as accounts eligible for net metering within an Eligible Net Metering System Site.

“Eligible Net Metering System Site” shall mean the site where the Eligible Net Metering System is located or is part of the same campus or complex of sites contiguous to one another and the site where the Eligible Net Metering System is located or a farm in which the Eligible Net Metering System is located. Except for an Eligible Net Metering System owned by or operated on behalf of a Public Entity, Educational Institution, Hospital, Nonprofit, or Multi-Municipal Collaborative through a Net Metering Financing Arrangement, or a Community Remote Net Metered System, the purpose of this definition is to reasonably assure that energy generated by the Eligible Net Metering System is consumed by net metered electric delivery service account(s) that are actually located in the same geographical location as the Eligible Net Metering System. All energy generated from any Eligible Net Metering System is and will be considered consumed at the meter where the Eligible Net Metering System is interconnected for valuation purposes. Except for an Eligible Net Metering System owned by or operated on behalf of a Public Entity, Educational Institution, Hospital, Nonprofit, or Multi-Municipal Collaborative through a Net Metering Financing Arrangement, or a Community Remote Net Metering System, all of the Net Metered Accounts at the Eligible Net Metering System Site must be the accounts of the same customer of record, and customers are not permitted to enter into agreements or arrangements to change the name on accounts for the purpose of artificially expanding the
Eligible Net Metering System Site to contiguous sites in an attempt to avoid this restriction. However, a property owner may change the nature of the metered service at the delivery service accounts at the site to be master metered (as allowed by applicable state law) in the owner’s name, or become the customer of record for each of the delivery service accounts, provided that the owner becoming the customer of record actually owns the property at which the delivery service account is located. As long as the Net Metered Accounts meet the requirements set forth in this definition, there is no limit on the number of delivery service accounts that may be net metered within the Eligible Net Metering System Site.

“Excess Renewable Net Metering Credit” shall mean a credit that applies to an Eligible Net Metering System for that portion of the production of electrical energy beyond one hundred percent (100%) and no greater than one hundred twenty-five percent (125%) of the Net Metering Customer’s own consumption at the Eligible Net Metering System Site or the aggregate consumption of the Net Metered Accounts during the applicable billing period. Such Excess Renewable Net Metering Credit shall be equal to the Company’s avoided cost rate, defined for this purpose as the Standard Offer Service kilowatt-hour (kWh) charge for the rate class and time-of-use billing period, if applicable, that is applicable to the Net Metering Customer for the Eligible Net Metering System. The Commission shall have the authority to make determinations as to the applicability of this credit to specific generation facilities to the extent there is an uncertainty or disagreement.

“Farm” shall be defined in accordance with R.I. Gen. Laws § 44-27-2, except that all buildings associated with the Farm shall be eligible for Net Metering Credits as long as: (i) the buildings are owned by the same entity operating the Farm or persons associated with operating the Farm; and (ii) the buildings are on the same farmland as the project on either a tract of land contiguous with or reasonably proximate to such farmland or across a public way from such farmland.

“Hospital” shall mean and shall be defined and established as set forth in Chapter 17 of Title 23 of Rhode Island General Laws.

“ISO-NE” shall mean the Independent System Operator New England, Inc. established in accordance with the NEPOOL Agreement and applicable Federal Energy Regulatory Commission approvals, which is responsible for managing the bulk power generation and transmission systems in New England.

“Multi-Municipal Collaborative” shall mean a group of towns and/or cities that enter into an agreement for the purpose of co-owning a renewable generation facility or entering into a Net Metering Financing Arrangement.

“Municipality” shall mean any Rhode Island town or city, including any agency or instrumentality thereof, with the powers set forth in Title 45 of Rhode Island General Laws.

“NEPOOL” shall mean New England Power Pool.

“Net Metered Accounts” shall mean one or more electric delivery service accounts owned by a single customer of record on the same campus or complex of sites contiguous to one another and the site where the Eligible Net Metering System is located or a Farm in which the Eligible Net Metering System is located, or the electric delivery service account(s) associated with an Eligible
Net Metering System that is: (i) owned by a Public Entity, Educational Institution, Hospital, Nonprofit, or Multi-Municipal Collaborative or (ii) owned and operated by a renewable generation developer on behalf of a Public Entity, Educational Institution, Hospital, Nonprofit, or Multi-Municipal Collaborative through a Net Metering Financing Arrangement; or (iii) a Community Remote Net Metering System, provided that the Net Metering Customer has submitted Schedule B (attached) with the individual billing account information for each Net Metered Account. Should there be a change to any of the information contained in Schedule B, the Net Metering Customer is responsible for submitting a revised Schedule B in order for the Company to determine eligibility for the accounts 30 business days prior to making any such change.

“Net Metering” shall mean using electrical energy generated by an Eligible Net Metering System for the purpose of self-supplying electrical energy and power at the Eligible Net Metering System Site or, with respect to a Community Remote Net Metering System or a Public Entity, Educational Institution, Hospital, Nonprofit, or Multi-Municipal Collaborative system, for the purpose of generating Net Metering Credits to be applied to the electric bills of the Net Metered Accounts of the Net Metering Customer.

“Net Metering Credits” shall mean the combination of Renewable Net Metering Credits and Excess Renewable Net Metering Credits, if Excess Renewable Net Metering Credits are produced.

“Net Metering Customer” shall mean an electric delivery service customer of record for the Eligible Net Metering System.

“Nonprofit” shall mean a nonprofit corporation as defined and established through Chapter 6 of Title 7 of Rhode Island General Laws, and shall include religious organizations that are tax exempt pursuant to 26 U.S.C. §501(d).

“Person” shall mean an individual, firm, corporation, association, partnership, farm, town or city of the State of Rhode Island, Multi-municipal Collaborative, or the State of Rhode Island or any department of the state government, governmental agency or public instrumentality of the state.

“Project” shall mean a distinct installation of an Eligible Net Metering System. An installation will be considered distinct if it is installed in a different location, or at a different time, or involves a different type of renewable energy.

“Public Entity” means the federal government, State of Rhode Island, Municipalities, wastewater treatment facilities, public transit agencies or any water distributing plant or system employed for the distribution of water to the consuming public within the State of Rhode Island, including the water supply board of the City of Providence.

“Net Metering Financing Arrangement” shall mean arrangements entered into by a Public Entity, Educational Institution, Hospital, Nonprofit, or Multi-Municipal Collaborative with a private entity to facilitate the financing and operation of a Net Metering resource, in which the private entity owns and operates an Eligible Net Metering Resource on behalf of a Public Entity, Educational Institution, Hospital, Nonprofit, or Multi-Municipal Collaborative, where: (i) the Eligible Net Metering Resource is located on property owned or controlled by the Public Entity,
Educational Institution, Hospital, or one of the Municipalities, as applicable, and (ii) the production from the Eligible Net Metering Resource and primary compensation paid by the Public Entity, Educational Institution, Hospital, Nonprofit, or Multi-Municipal Collaborative to the private entity for such production is directly tied to the consumption of electricity occurring at the designated Net Metered Accounts.

“Renewable Net Metering Credit” shall mean a credit that applies up to one hundred percent (100%) of a Net Metering Customer’s consumption at the Eligible Net Metering System Site or the aggregate consumption of the Net Metered Accounts over the applicable billing period. This credit shall be equal to the total kilowatt-hours of electrical energy generated up to the amount consumed on-site by the Net Metering Customer or the Net Metered Accounts during the billing period multiplied by the sum of the:

(i) Standard Offer Service kilowatt-hour charge for the rate class applicable to the Net Metering Customer, not including the Renewable Energy Standard charge;
(ii) Distribution kilowatt-hour charge;
(iii) Transmission kilowatt-hour charge; and
(iv) Transition kilowatt-hour charge.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, except for systems that have requested an interconnection study for which payment has been received by the Company by December 31, 2018, or if an interconnection study is not required, a completed and paid interconnection application has been received by the Company by December 31, 2018, commencing January 1, 2050, the Renewable Net Metering Credit for all remote Public Entity and Multi-Municipal Collaborative Net Metering systems shall not include the distribution kilowatt-hour charge.

“Third Party” means and includes any person or entity other than the Net Metering Customer who owns or operates the Eligible Net Metering System for the benefit of the Net Metering Customer.


II. Terms and Conditions

The following policies regarding Net Metering of electricity from Eligible Net Metering Systems and regarding any Person or entity that is a Net Metering Customer shall apply:

(1) The maximum allowable capacity for Eligible Net Metering Systems, based on name plate capacity, is 10MW.

(2) Through December 31, 2018, the maximum aggregate amount of Community Remote Net Metering Systems built shall be thirty megawatts (30 MW). Any of the unused MW
amount after December 31, 2018 shall remain available to Community Remote Net Metering Systems until the 30 MW aggregate amount is interconnected. After December 31, 2018, the Commission may expand or modify the aggregate amount after a public hearing upon petition by the OER. The Commission shall determine, within six (6) months of such petition being docketed by the Commission, whether the benefits of the proposed expansion exceed the cost. This 30 MW aggregate amount shall not apply to any Net Metering Financing Arrangement involving Public Entity facilities, Multi-Municipal Collaborative facilities, Educational Institutions, the federal government, Hospitals, or Nonprofits.

(i) Net Metering Customers with a Community Remote Net Metering System must obtain an allocation of capacity under the cap set forth in Section II.(2) above. Customers applying for such capacity must provide or show proof of the following: a) a completed Impact Study for Renewable Distributed Generation or a valid fully executed interconnection service agreement; b) site control for the location of the Eligible Net Metering System; and c) a performance deposit as set forth in section (iii) below. If an application meets these requirements, until the capacity limit has been reached, the Community Remote Net Metering System will be provided a cap allocation that will be valid for 24 months from the date of issuance, except as provided in sections 2(v) and 2(vi), below. Projects that apply for a capacity allocation after the MW of applications approved has reached the cap will be kept on a waiting list in the order of complete application with the exception of the performance deposit, which will not be required for the waiting list, but must be paid within five business days from time of notification that capacity becomes available for a project. Applicants that fail to pay the performance deposit within this time frame shall lose their spot on the waiting list.

(ii) If a Community Remote Net Metering System with a cap allocation (a) is not commercially operational or (b) has not met the credit allocation requirements under Section II.(7) below on or before the date that is 24 months from the issuance of the cap allocation (“Cap Expiration Date”), the capacity allocation for the Community Remote Net Metering System will be cancelled, and that capacity will be made available to other applicants, except as provided in sections 2(v) and 2(vi), below. Once cancelled, a customer may apply for a cap allocation again with payment of another performance deposit.

(iii) Customers seeking a Community Remote Net Metering System cap allocation under item (i) above will be required to submit a performance deposit equal to $25.00 multiplied by the expected annual megawatt-hour output of the system, or $75,000.00, whichever is less. The deposit will be refunded after the Company verifies that the Community Remote Net Metering System has achieved commercial operation and has met the credit allocation requirements under Section II.(7) below. In the event that the Community Remote Net Metering System does not achieve commercial operation or meet the credit allocation requirements prior to the Cap Expiration Date, the deposit will be forfeited and will be refunded to all customers through the Net Metering Surcharge.

(iv) The Company will track the amount of capacity that has been allocated and
that remains available under the Community Remote Net Metering System cap, and will post such information on its website, which will be updated on a monthly basis until the cap has been reached. The Company may establish additional procedures and guidelines to implement a system of processing, obtaining, and maintaining net metering cap allocations for Community Remote Net Metering Systems.

(v) The Cap Expiration Date may be extended by six (6) months (to 30 months) with no additional performance deposit. The Cap Expiration Date may be extended for an additional six (6) months beyond that (to 36 months) by posting one-half of the original performance deposit if a Community Remote Net Metering System still does not achieve commercial operation or has not met the credit allocation requirements under Section II.(7) below because of:

1) Demonstrable lack of action or failure on the part of a governmental agency to issue a required permit or approval in the normal course. The Customer must provide to the Company evidence that it filed either a preapplication or completed state or municipal permit application for the Community Remote Net Metering System and that such preapplication or permit application was officially accepted by the applicable state agency or municipality as a complete application within the first six (6) months of being awarded capacity by the Company; providing such evidence shall be deemed sufficient for the Company to grant the additional six (6) months (to 36 months) extension to the Customer; or

2) Project construction related delays associated with weather, materials, or labor, which are in good faith and beyond the control of the Customer, and could not have been prevented or avoided (each, a “Delay Event”).

(vi) If the Cap Expiration Date cannot be met because 1) the Company’s interconnection work is not complete (“Interconnection Delay”), or 2) there is a pending legal challenge or moratorium (collectively, a “Permit Delay”) after the permit process has been started, affecting one or more required governmental permits or approvals that is not resolved by the expiration of the 36-month period set forth in section 2(v) above, and the Interconnection Delay or Permit Delay, as applicable is not attributable to any action or inaction of the Customer, the Cap Expiration Date shall be extended by the period of the Interconnection Delay or Permit Delay, as applicable, with no additional performance deposit required. With respect to a Permit Delay, the Customer must provide evidence of the legal challenge or moratorium to the Company and Office of Energy Resources and a monthly update on the status of the pending legal challenge or moratorium. Failure by the Customer to provide such status updates to the Company and Office of Energy Resources may result in the termination of capacity with the Customer by the Company. Nothing herein shall be construed to alter or amend any timeframes set forth in the Customer’s interconnection service agreement and/or the Company’s interconnection tariff.

(vii) In the event of a request for an extension due to a Delay Event under section
2(v), above and/or a Permit Delay under section 2(vi), above, the Customer must give the Company, and Office of Energy Resources written notice within thirty (30) days of pending project deadline milestone (i.e. 24, 30, 36 months) and certify to the existence of the Delay Event and/or the Permit Delay prior to the Cap Expiration Date, providing details regarding the nature, extent of, and expected duration of the Delay Event and/or the Permit Delay.

(3) If the electricity generated by an Eligible Net Metering System during a billing period is equal to or less than the Net Metering Customer’s usage at the Eligible Net Metering System Site, or the aggregate consumption of the Net Metered Accounts, the Net Metering Customer shall receive Renewable Net Metering Credits, which shall be applied to offset the Net Metering Customer’s usage on Net Metered Accounts at the Eligible Net Metering Site, or shall be used to credit the Net Metered Accounts, as applicable.

(4) Unless the Company and Net Metering Customer have agreed to a billing plan pursuant to Section II(8) of this Tariff, if the electricity generated by an Eligible Net Metering System during a billing period is greater than the Net Metering Customer’s usage or the aggregate consumption of the Net Metered Accounts, as applicable, during the billing period, the Net Metering Customer shall be paid Excess Renewable Net Metering Credits for the excess generation up to an additional twenty-five percent (25%) of the Net Metering Customer’s consumption or the aggregate consumption of the Net Metered Accounts during the billing period.

(5) For purposes of administering Sections II(3) and II(4) of this Tariff, on a monthly basis, the Company will apply Renewable Net Metering Credits to the Net Metered Accounts for all kWh generated by the Eligible Net Metering System. On an annual basis, the Company will compare kWh generated by the Eligible Net Metering System during the applicable 12-month period to the on-site consumption of the Net Metering Customer or the aggregate consumption of the Net Metered Accounts, as applicable, or to the three-year average aggregate sum of the on-site consumption of the Net Metered Accounts of a Community Remote Net Metering System. If such consumption is less than the kWh generated by the Eligible Net Metering System during the applicable 12-month period, the Company will apply a billing charge to the Net Metering Customer’s account equal to the difference between the Renewable Net Metering Credit and the Excess Renewable Net Metering Credit in effect during the applicable 12-month period multiplied by the difference between the kWh generated by the Eligible Net Metering System and the consumption during the same 12-month period. If the kWh generated by the Eligible Net Metering System during the applicable 12-month period exceeds such consumption by more than 25 percent, the Company will apply a billing charge to the Net Metering Customer’s account equal to the Renewable Net Metering Credit in effect during the applicable 12-month period multiplied by the kWh generated in excess of 125 percent of the consumption.

(6) All Net Metering Customers shall be required to complete Schedule B. Renewable Net Metering Credits will be applied to Net Metered Accounts in the manner specified on Schedule B. Changes to Schedule B may be submitted to the Company on a quarterly basis.
(7) A Community Remote Net Metering System must allocate Net Metering Credits to a minimum of (i) one account for a system associated with Low or Moderate Income Housing Eligible Credit Recipient or (ii) three (3) Eligible Credit Recipient accounts.

If Net Metering Credits are allocated to three or more Eligible Credit Recipient accounts, the following shall apply to all accounts except for those accounts associated with Low or Moderate-Income Housing Eligible Credit Recipients:

a. No more than fifty percent (50%) of the Net Metering Credits may be allocated to one Eligible Credit Recipient; and

b. At least fifty percent (50%) of the Net Metering Credits must be allocated to the remaining Eligible Credit Recipients in an amount allocated to each Recipient that does not exceed that which is produced annually by a twenty-five kilowatt (25 kW) AC capacity.

These requirements must be met before the Company authorizes the project to operate.

The Community Remote Net Metering System may transfer credits to Eligible Credit Recipients in an amount that is equal to or less than the aggregate consumption of the Net Metered Accounts measured by the three-year average annual consumption of energy over the previous three years. A projected annual consumption of energy may be used until the actual three-year average annual consumption of energy over the previous three years at the Net Metered Accounts becomes available.

(8) For ease of administering Net Metered Accounts and stabilizing Net Metered Account bills, the Company may elect (but is not required) to estimate for any 12-month period (i) the production from the Eligible Net Metering System and (ii) aggregate consumption of the Net Metered Accounts and establish a monthly billing plan that reflects the expected Net Metering Credits that would be applied to the Net Metered Accounts over 12 months. The billing plan would be designed to even out monthly billings over 12 months, regardless of actual production and usage. If the Company makes such an election, the Company would reconcile payments and credits under the billing plan to actual production and consumption at the end of the 12-month period and apply any credits or charges to the Net Metered Customer Accounts for any positive or negative difference, as applicable. Should there be a material change in circumstances at the Eligible Net Metering System Site or associated Net Metered Accounts during the 12 month period, the Company may adjust the estimate and credits during the reconciliation period. The Company may also (but is not required to) elect to issue checks to any Net Metering Customer in lieu of billing credits or carry forward credits or charges to the next billing period. For residential Eligible Net Metering Systems that are twenty-five kilowatts (25 kW) or smaller, the Company, at its option, may administer Renewable Net Metering Credits month to month allowing unused credits to carry forward into following billing period.

(9) As a condition to receiving Net Metering Credits pursuant to this Tariff, customers who install Eligible Net Metering Systems must enter into an interconnection agreement and comply with the Company’s Standards for Connecting Distributed Generation, as amended and superseded from time to time.
(10) As a condition to receiving any payments pursuant to this provision, Net Metering Customers who install Eligible Net Metering Systems with a nameplate capacity in excess of 25 kW must comply with any and all applicable NEPOOL and ISO-NE rules, requirements, or information requests that are necessary for the Eligible Net Metering System’s electric energy output to be sold into the ISO-NE administered markets. If the Company must provide to NEPOOL or ISO-NE any information regarding the operation, output, or any other data in order to sell the output of the Eligible Net Metering System into the ISO-NE administered markets, the Net Metering Customer who installs an Eligible Net Metering System must provide such information to the Company prior to the project being authorized to operate in parallel with the Company’s electric distribution system.

(11) NEPOOL and ISO-NE have the authority to impose fines, penalties, and/or sanctions on participants if it is determined that a participant is violating established rules in certain instances. Accordingly, to the extent that a fine, penalty, and/or sanction is levied by NEPOOL or the ISO-NE as a result of the Net Metering Customer’s failure to comply with a NEPOOL or ISO-NE rule, requirement, or information request, the Net Metering Customer will be responsible for the costs incurred by the Company, if any, associated with such fine, penalty, and/or sanction.

III. Rates for Distribution Service to Net Metering Customers and Net Metered Accounts

(1) Retail delivery service by the Company to the Net Metering Customer and Net Metered Accounts shall be governed by the tariffs, rates, terms, conditions, and policies for retail delivery service that are on file with the Commission.

(2) The Standard Offer Service and retail delivery rates applicable to any Net Metered Account shall be the same as those that apply to the rate classification that would be applicable to such delivery service account in the absence of Net Metering, including customer and demand charges, and no other charges may be imposed to offset Net Metering Credits.

(3) Net Metering Customers shall be exempt from backup service rates commensurate with the size of the Eligible Net Metering System.

IV. Cost Recovery

(1) Any prudent and reasonable costs incurred by the Company pursuant to achieving compliance with R.I. Gen. Laws § 39-26.2-3(a) and the annual amount of any Net Metering Credits provided to Net Metering Customers or Net Metered Accounts shall be aggregated by the Company and billed to all distribution customers on an annual basis through a uniform per kilowatt hour (kWh) Net Metering Charge embedded in the distribution component of the rates reflected on customer bills.

(2) The Company will include the energy market payments received from ISO-NE for the electricity generated by Eligible Net Metering Systems in the Company’s annual
reconciliation of the Net Metering Charge. Eligible Net Metering Systems with a nameplate capacity in excess of 25 kW shall provide all necessary information to, and cooperate with, the Company to enable the Company to obtain the appropriate asset identification for reporting generation to ISO-NE. The Company will report all exported power to the ISO-NE as a settlement only generator and net this reported usage and associated payment received against the annual amount of Standard Offer Service component of any Net Metering Credits provided to Net Metering Customers or Net Metered Accounts.

Effective: August 1, 2018
Schedule B – Additional Information Required for Net Metering Service

THE NARRAGANSETT ELECTRIC COMPANY
NET-METERING APPLICATION OF CREDITS

Customer Name: ________________________________________________________________
Account Number: _______________________________________________________________
Facility Address: __________________________________________________________________
City: _______________ State: RI Zip Code: _______________

The Agreement is between ____________________________, a Net Metering Customer ("NMC") and The Narragansett Electric Company (the "Company") for application of Net Metering Credits earned through Net Metering from the NMC located at ____________________________, Rhode Island.

The NMC agrees to comply with the provisions of the Net Metering Provision, the applicable retail delivery tariffs, and the Terms and Conditions for Distribution Service that are on file with the Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission as currently in effect or as modified, amended, or revised by the Company, and to pay any metering and interconnection costs required under such tariff and policies.

A) NMC Address: ________________________________________________________________
_____________________________________________________________________________
_____________________________________________________________________________

Nameplate rating (AC) of the Eligible Net Metering System ___________kWs
Estimated annual generation in kWhs of Eligible Net Metering System ______kWhs

Net Metered Account(s)

The following information must be provided for each individual Net Metered Account in a proposed Eligible Net Metering System Site:

Name: ____________________________ (Except in the case of a Public Entity, Educational Institution, Hospital, Nonprofit, or Multi-Municipal Collaborative or Community Remote Net Metered System, the customer of record must be the same the customer for each Net Metered Account)

Service Address: ____________________________

National Grid Account number: ____________________________

Three-year average kWh usage for this account ____________________________
Total three-year average kWh usage for all accounts as associated with an Eligible Net Metering System Site __________

Once this information is received, the Company will determine whether the accounts listed are eligible for net metering.

B) For any Billing Period in which the NMC earns Net Metering Credits, please indicate how the Distribution Company will apply them:

☐ Apply all of the Net Metering Credits to the account of the NMC (skip Items C and D below)

☐ Allocate all the Net Metering Credits to the accounts of eligible Customers (please fill out C and D below)

☐ Both apply a portion of the Net Metering Credits to the NMC’s account and allocate a portion to the accounts of eligible Customers (please fill out C and D below)

The Company will notify the NMC within 30 days of the Company’s receipt of Schedule B whether it will allocate or purchase Net Metering Credits. If the Company elects to purchase Net Metering Credits, the Company will render payment by issuing a check to the NMC each Billing Period, unless otherwise agreed in writing by the NMC and Company. If the Company elects to allocate Net Metering Credits, the NMC must complete Item C and submit the revised Schedule B to the Company.

C) Please state the total percentage of Net Metering Credits to be allocated.

%  Amount of the Net Metering Credit being allocated.

The total amount of Net Metering Credits being allocated shall not exceed 100%. Any remaining percentage will be applied to the NMC’s account.

Please identify each eligible Customer account to which the NMC is allocating Net Metering Credits by providing the following information (attach additional pages as needed):

NOTE: If a designated Customer account closes, the allocated percentage will revert to the NMC’s account, unless otherwise mutually agreed in writing by the NMC and the Company.

Name:
Billing Address:
Account number:
Amount of the Net Metering Credit: _____%

Name:
Billing Address:
Account number:
Amount of the Net Metering Credit: _____%

Name:
Billing Address:
Account number:
Amount of the Net Metering Credit: _____%

Name:
Billing Address:
Account number:
Amount of the Net Metering Credit: _____%

Name:
Billing Address:
Account number:
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Name:
Billing Address:
Account number:
Amount of the Net Metering Credit: _____%

Name:
Billing Address:
Account number:
Amount of the Net Metering Credit: _____%

D) The terms of this Schedule B shall remain in effect unless and until the NMC executes a revised Schedule B and submits it to the Company. A revised Schedule B may be updated quarterly during a calendar year.
E) A signature on the application shall constitute certification that (1) the NMC has read the application and knows its contents; (2) the contents are true as stated, to the best knowledge and belief of the NMC; and (3) the NMC possesses full power and authority to sign the application.

Notice

Execution of this agreement will cancel any previous agreement for the Net Metered Accounts for the Eligible Net Metering System under the Net Metering Provision.

The Company or NMC may terminate this agreement on thirty (30) days written notice, which includes a statement of reasons for such termination. In addition, the NMC must re-file this agreement annually.

Agreed and Accepted – Please sign

[NAME OF NMC] Date: ____________________

By: ______________________________________________________________________

Name:
Title:

The Narragansett Electric Company Date: ____________________
d/b/a National Grid

By: ______________________________________________________________________

Name:
Title: