

The Narragansett Electric Company d/b/a National Grid

Rhode Island Renewable Energy Growth Program
Solicitation and Enrollment Process Rules for Small-Scale Solar
Projects

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## I. Introduction and Overview

National Grid would like to welcome you to the Rhode Island Renewable Energy Growth Program (RE Growth Program). The RE Growth Program seeks to make it easy and attractive to install solar photovoltaic (PV) systems at the homes and businesses of National Grid's customers. An applicant (Applicant) to the RE Growth Program may be a solar developer or a National Grid customer.

Residential customers or their developers may apply for the RE Growth Program on a first-come, first-served basis. These solar systems will earn "bill credits" for the customer from the energy produced, and an incentive payment for any excess production.

Non-residential customers or their developers may also apply to the RE Growth Program on a first-come, first-served basis. These solar systems will have the option to receive the entire incentive payment directly or a combination of a direct payment and a bill credit for the customer, as specified in the Non-Residential Tariff.

This document provides information on the Solicitation and Enrollment Rules necessary to participate and enroll in the RE Growth Program.

# 1.1 Purpose of the Solicitation and Enrollment

The RE Growth Program was developed pursuant to Chapter 26.6 of Title 39 of the Rhode Island General Laws to facilitate the development of and compensation paid to distributed generation (DG) projects in Rhode Island. These Solicitation and Enrollment Process Rules for Small-Scale Solar Projects (Rules) provide the means by which a project can qualify for and enroll in the RE Growth Program. The Rules are only part of the RE Growth Program documents and should be read along with the Company's RE Growth Program Tariff for Residential Customers and the RE Growth Program Tariff for Non-Residential Customers (together, the Tariffs). Any term not defined in the Rules is defined in the Tariffs.

A Small-Scale Solar Project is a solar project with a nameplate generating capacity up to and including twenty-five kilowatts (25 kW). A Small-Scale Solar DG Project's nameplate capacity is the total rated power output of all solar panels measured in direct current (DC).

Under the RE Growth Program, National Grid will not execute contracts with Applicants.

## 1.2 Enrollment Framework

National Grid is operating the RE Growth Program, as guided by the Distributed Generation Board (Board) in consultation with the Rhode Island Office of Energy Resources (OER). The RE Growth Program is subject to the approval of the Rhode Island Public Utilities Commission

(Commission). National Grid may also consult with the Rhode Island Division of Public Utilities and Carriers (Division).

For each program year, there will be a target amount of megawatts (MW) to be enrolled for the year (annual MW target), which will be based on the projects' aggregate nameplate capacity. The nameplate capacity of a solar project is the total rated power output of all solar panels measured in DC. A "program year" means a year beginning April 1 and ending March 31, except that the first program year may begin after April 1, 2015, subject to Commission approval.

A total of at least 3 MW of capacity shall be carved out exclusively for Small-Scale Solar Projects in each of the first four (4) program years. The Board may recommend and/or the Commission may adopt a new annual MW class target for Small-Scale Solar Projects. Please see Schedule 1 for the currently approved annual MW target for Small-Scale Solar Projects.

For each program year, the Board will recommend the Standard Performance-Based Incentive (PBI) for each renewable energy class, subject to Commission approval. Small-scale solar projects will receive a Standard PBI under the tariff, further described in Section 2.1. See Schedule 1 for the approved Standard PBIs for the current program year.

### 1.2.1 Applications

During each program year, Applicants can enroll at any time until the annual MW target for the Small-Scale Solar Project class has been met, including the possible availability of additional capacity under the annual MW target. Applicants may elect to participate in the RE Growth Program within their application for interconnection, pursuant to the Company's Standards for Connecting Distributed Generation tariff. There is no separate enrollment application for Small-Scale Solar Projects.

Applicants will be selected for the RE Growth Program in accordance with the provisions below.

### 1.2.2 Eligibility Requirements

### 1.2.2.1 Introduction

To be eligible, a Small-Scale Solar Project must meet certain requirements, and National Grid will review the interconnection application to determine whether the project meets these requirements. Projects that do not meet eligibility requirements will be disqualified from the RE Growth Program.

### 1.2.2.2 Eligible Applicant

An Applicant must be in good standing with regard to obligations to National Grid. Such obligations include but are not limited to being current with amounts due on the electric service account(s) or fulfilling the requirements of an approved payment plan.

## 1.2.2.3 Eligible Facilities

To be eligible as a Small-Scale Solar Project, a project must: (1) be a Small-Scale Solar renewable energy resource; (2) have a nameplate capacity equal to or less than 25 kW; and (3) interconnect with the Company's electric power system. A Small-Scale Solar Project's nameplate capacity is the total rated power output of all solar panels measured in DC.

Before applying to the RE Growth Program, a project must not be: (1) already operating; or (2) under construction, except for preparatory site work that is less than twenty-five percent (25%) of the estimated total project cost.

## Residential

To be eligible as a Residential Small-Scale Solar Project, a project must be located at a National Grid customer's residence where the residential customer receives electric service under either Basic Residential Rate A-16 or Low Income Rate A-60. The project must meet the sizing requirements as defined in the Residential RE Growth Tariff.

### Non-Residential

Any Small-Scale Solar Project that is not eligible to enroll as a Residential Small-Scale Solar Project will be enrolled as a Non-Residential Small-Scale Solar Project. Note that these projects may also be configured to receive bill credits under this program if they are sized as defined in Section 8.c. of the Non-Residential RE Growth Tariff, but are not required to do so. These projects will receive electric service pursuant to the appropriate general service retail delivery service tariff.

### 1.2.2.3.1 Prohibition on Project Segmentation

Project segmentation occurs when one distributed generation project is divided or segregated into multiple projects on a single parcel or on contiguous parcels in order to qualify under smaller size project classifications. The Company may also require additional property information to verify that the project is eligible for participation in the program.

Under the RE Growth Program, project segmentation is not allowed. However, a project developer may designate an additional distributed generation unit or portion of a unit on the same parcel or on a contiguous parcel for net metering or for other means of participating in electricity markets, as long as any such unit or portion of such unit: (1) is not receiving Performance-Based Incentives through the RE Growth Program; (2) is segregated electrically; and (3) is separately metered.

A distributed generation project is not considered segmented if: (1) at least twenty-four (24) months elapse between the operating start-date of the distributed generation project and the start of construction of new distributed generation unit(s) on the same parcel or a contiguous

parcel; or (2) the distributed generation projects use different renewable resources. In addition, DG projects installed on contiguous parcels will not be considered segmented if they serve different customers and both customers opt to receive bill credits under Option 2 as described in Section 8.c. of the Non-Residential RE Growth Tariff.

### 1.2.2.3.2 Compliance with Sizing Limitations to Receive Bill Credits

In accordance with the Tariffs, Non-Residential Applicants for Small-Scale Solar Projects that have on-site load may receive a credit on their electric bill based upon the value of the on-site use, provided that the DG Project meets the sizing requirements as defined in the Non-Residential RE Growth Tariff. All Residential customers will receive bill credits and must meet the sizing limitations defined in the Residential RE Growth Tariff. The Project must be reasonably designed and sized to produce electricity at an annual level equal to or less than 1) the Residential Customer's On-Site Use as measured over the previous three (3) years at the electric service account located at the Residential Customer's service location; 2) the annualized On-Site Use over the period of service to the Residential Customer's service location if such service has been provided for less than three years; or 3) a reasonable estimate of annual On-Site Use if the Project is located at a new service location.

# II. Interconnection Application, Selection, and Enrollment Process

# 2.1 Performance-Based Incentive (PBI) Payments for Small-Scale Solar Projects

Applicants may elect to enroll in the RE Growth Program within their interconnection applications.

#### Residential

The PBI is a price per kilowatt-hour for all of the Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) and any other environmental attributes or market products that are created or produced by the facility for as long as the facility is enrolled in the RE Growth Program.

## Non-Residential

The PBI is a price per kilowatt-hour that will be paid for all of the energy, capacity, RECs, and other environmental attributes and market products that are created or produced by the facility for as long as the facility is enrolled in the RE Growth Program.

#### 2.1.1 SolarWise Program for Small-Scale Projects

The SolarWise Program combines savings that result from Energy Efficiency (EE) measures with additional incentives paid from the RE Growth Program for pursuing solar installations. Small-

scale solar projects that commit to or install energy efficiency savings measures from the SolarWise Program can qualify for SolarWise Bonus Payments within the Renewable Energy Growth Program.

Applicants wishing to obtain the SolarWise Bonus Payment must show that they have achieved, or are committed to achieve through EE measures, the required program savings levels. An Applicant must submit an application form and required documentation to the SolarWise Program. Applicants who have been approved as qualifying for a SolarWise Bonus Tier are eligible to receive SolarWise Bonus Payments, provided their project is selected in the RE Growth Program per Section 2.3 below. The PBI payments will be adjusted to reflect the percentage increase applicable to the SolarWise Bonus Tier indicated on the Applicant's SolarWise Approval and Certificate of Eligibility. See Schedule 2 for the PBIs applicable to projects approved as part of the SolarWise Program. Please refer to the SolarWise Customer Guide as well as Section 6.d. of the Tariff for more information on the SolarWise Program.

# 2.2 Interconnection Application Prior to Enrollment

To apply, a prospective participant must submit an application for interconnection and elect to participate in the RE Growth Program. All interconnection costs must be paid by the Applicant of the distributed generation (DG) project.

For information regarding the interconnection process and the standards for the interconnection of generators in Rhode Island, please see:

https://www.nationalgridus.com/narragansett/business/energyeff/4 interconnection-process.asp

#### 2.2.1 Site Control

The Applicant must show actual control of the site where the Small-Scale Solar Project is to be located, or show it has exercised its right to acquire control of the site. To meet this requirement, the Applicant must represent that it owns or leases (or has an executed, exclusive, unconditional option to own or lease) the site (or residence in the case of a Residential Small-Scale Solar Project) on which the project will be located, and that it has any additional rights required to develop and operate the project at the site.

# 2.3 Issuance of Certificates of Eligibility

National Grid shall award Certificates of Eligibility to the selected Small-Scale Solar Projects. National Grid is not required to obtain Commission confirmation or approval in awarding Certificates of Eligibility to Small-Scale Solar Projects. Certificates of Eligibility given to Small-Scale Solar Projects are subject to the review and consent of the OER. National Grid files a list of all awarded certificates with the Commission. Certificates of Eligibility will be awarded to eligible Small-Scale Solar Projects on a "first come, first served" basis until the annual MW target for the Small-Scale Solar class is fully subscribed.

The Certificate of Eligibility will contain applicable project information, including renewable technology and class, project capacity and energy output, term length, price, certificate issuance, and certificate effective dates.

# 2.4 Project Schedule

All Small-Scale Solar Projects have twenty-four (24) months to meet all other requirements pursuant to Section 6.a. of the Tariff in order to receive compensation under the RE Growth Program. A project's proposed construction schedule must allow it to meet the applicable deadline after it has received a Certificate of Eligibility.

If a project does not become operational on or before the twenty-four (24) month deadline, the project's Certificate of Eligibility will be voided.

# 2.5 Ownership of Products for Small-Scale Solar

## Residential

The Company shall have the rights to and receive title to:

- (1) Renewable Energy Certificates (RECs) generated by the project during the applicable term of the supplements to the Tariff supplement; and
- (2) Rights to any other environmental attributes or electricity market services or products that are created or produced by the project.

For Residential Small-Scale Solar Projects, the customer shall retain title to all energy and capacity produced by the project. All energy and capacity are deemed to have been used by the customer on-site during the term of the applicable supplements to the Tariff. The Company is not buying or taking title to energy or capacity under the RE Growth Program.

### Non-Residential

The Company shall have the rights and receive title to:

- (1) RECs generated by the project during the applicable term of the supplements to the Tariff supplement;
- (2) All energy produced by the project; and
- (3) Rights to any other environmental attributes or electricity market products or services that are created or produced by the project; provided, however, that it shall be the Company's choice to acquire the capacity of the DG Project.

## 2.5.1 Delivery of RECs and Registration in NEPOOL GIS

The Applicant must take all steps to both enable the Company to obtain the appropriate asset identification for the creation of RECs and the assignment of RECs to the Company through the New England Power Pool Generator Information System (NEPOOL GIS) in accordance with the Tariffs. RECs must be delivered to National Grid in the NEPOOL GIS.

## 2.5.2 Delivery of Energy into ISO-NE Market (Non-Residential Projects Only)

Energy must be delivered to National Grid in the ISO-NE Rhode Island load zone.

## 2.5.3 Participation in ISO-NE Forward Capacity Market (FCM)

Upon National Grid's election to acquire the capacity from a Project, National Grid will assume the rights to the capacity, pursuant to the Tariff. National Grid reserves the right to be the "Project Sponsor" for the Project, after consultation with the Division and the Board. If and when National Grid participates as Project Sponsor on behalf of any Project, the Applicant must support National Grid, as required, to qualify the Project as an Existing Capacity Resource in the FCM. Applicants are required to take commercially reasonable actions to maximize performance against any FCM Capacity Supply Obligations.

### 2.5.4 Qualification of RECs

Small-Scale Solar Projects must qualify as an eligible renewable energy resource pursuant to the Rhode Island Renewable Energy Standard (RES) and the Massachusetts Renewable Portfolio Standard (RPS). The Company will obtain such approvals on behalf of all Small-Scale Solar Projects. Applicants must cooperate with the Company, including but not limited to completing the Renewable Energy Certificate Assignment and Aggregation Certification Form, to obtain approval in order to be qualified under the RES and RPS.

### III. Contact Information and Other Provisions

## 3.1 Contact Information

All questions and communications regarding these Rules should be directed via electronic mail to National Grid Environmental Transactions at the following address:

### RenewableContracts@nationalgrid.com

## 3.2 Official Website for the Enrollment

The Solicitation and Enrollment Process Rules are posted on the National Grid Rhode Island RE Growth Program website:

# ngrid.com/REGrowth

Interconnection Applications must be submitted to <u>distributed.generation@nationalgrid.com</u>. Information about the interconnection process can be found on the Interconnection Process website:

https://www.nationalgridus.com/narragansett/business/energyeff/4 interconnection-process.asp

# 3.3 Confidentiality

The Board, the OER, and National Grid shall enter into an agreement regarding the sharing of information and data related to the RE Growth Program, including application information, details regarding project ownership, and pricing. At the request of the Board, the OER, National Grid, or the Division, the Commission shall have the authority to protect from public disclosure individual information for any projects that have not been awarded a Certificate of Eligibility. Information regarding project size, location, owner, and price will be made public for projects awarded a Certificate of Eligibility.

## 3.4 Modification or Cancellation of an Enrollment

Pursuant to Chapter 26.6 of Title 39 of the Rhode Island General Laws, any dispute involving the performance-based incentive payments, terms, conditions, rights, enforcement, and implementation of the Tariffs and these Rules is subject to the exclusive jurisdiction of the Commission. National Grid may, at any time up to the issuance of Certificates of Eligibility (Section 2.3 above) and without any liability on the part of National Grid, postpone, withdraw and/or cancel an enrollment; alter, extend, or cancel any due date; and/or, alter, amend, withdraw and/or cancel any requirement, term or condition of this enrollment.

Schedule 1

Approved Small-Scale Solar Annual MW Target and Standard PBI Applicable to Current Enrollment Year

Renewable Energy Class (Nameplate kW)	Annual Enrollment Target (Nameplate MW)	Ceiling Price/Standard PBI (cents/kWh)
Small-Scale Solar – Host Owned (1-10 kW DC)	5.5	37.65 (15-yr Tariff)
Small-Scale Solar – Host Owned (1-10 kW DC)		33.45 (20-yr Tariff)
Small-Scale Solar – 3rd Party Owner (1-10 kW DC)		28.35 (15-yr Tariff)
Small-Scale Solar – 3rd Party Owner (1-10 kW DC)		24.70 (20-yr Tariff)
Small-Scale Solar (11-25 kW DC)		24.90 (20-yr Tariff)

## Notes:

- Schedule 1 will be updated as required for each enrollment year.
- The Standard PBI is equivalent to the Ceiling Price that is recommended by the Board and approved by the Commission.

Schedule 2

Renewable Energy Growth Program PBI Inclusive of SolarWise Bonus

SolarWise Tier One: 5% PBI Increase		
Renewable Energy Class (Nameplate kW)	Ceiling Price/Standard PBI (cents/kWh)	
Small-Scale Solar – Host Owned	39.53	
(1-10 kW DC)	(15-yr Tariff)	
Small-Scale Solar – Host Owned	35.12	
(1-10 kW DC)	(20-yr Tariff)	
Small-Scale Solar	26.15	
(11-25 kW DC)	(20-yr Tariff)	

SolarWise Tier Two: 10% PBI Increase		
Renewable Energy Class (Nameplate kW)	Ceiling Price/Standard PBI (cents/kWh)	
Small-Scale Solar – Host Owned	41.42	
(1-10 kW DC)	(15-yr Tariff)	
Small-Scale Solar – Host Owned	36.80	
(1-10 kW DC)	(20-yr Tariff)	
Small-Scale Solar	27.39	
(11-25 kW DC)	(20-yr Tariff)	

SolarWise Tier One – Small-Scale Solar Third Party Owned: 2% PBI Increase			
Renewable Energy Class (Nameplate kW)	Ceiling Price/Standard PBI (cents/kWh)		
Small-Scale Solar – 3rd Party Owner	28.92		
(1-10 kW DC)	(15-yr Tariff)		
Small-Scale Solar – 3rd Party Owner	25.19		
(1-10 kW DC)	(20-yr Tariff)		
Small-Scale Solar	25.40		
(11-25 kW DC)	(20-yr Tariff)		

SolarWise Tier Two – Small-Scale Solar Third Party Owned: 4% PBI				
Increase				
Renewable Energy Class	Ceiling Price/Standard PBI			
(Nameplate kW)	(cents/kWh)			
Small-Scale Solar – 3rd Party Owner	29.48			
(1-10 kW DC)	(15-yr Tariff)			
Small-Scale Solar – 3rd Party Owner	25.69			
(1-10 kW DC)	(20-yr Tariff)			
Small-Scale Solar	25.90			
(11-25 kW DC)	(20-yr Tariff)			